

Evaluation from theory to practice

A practical journey from outputs to outcomes and actionable results

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Today's agenda

- 15 minutes theory
- 15 minutes brainstorm
- 15 minutes theory, individual working
- Short break, 5 minutes
- 25 minutes group work
- 15 minutes recap, final questions



The Europeana Impact Playbook

Revised and new content, online

Europeana Impact Playbook	Start your impact journey with us!	
	The Europeana Impact Playbook consists of an introduction and four phases:	
	Introduction - everything you need to know about the Impact Playbook	
	Phase one - Impact design Phase two - Impact measurement	
	Phase two - Impact measurement B Phase three - Impact nerration	
	Phase four - evaluation	
	Q. Search for something in the Impact Rilyhook have been streamlined and added to this online resource. Not can find extensive information in the original PDK but more up to determine information. Including updates, training exercises and links to underlineousce, is published here. Get started by exploring everything you need to know about the Impact Playbook!	
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About

- Four phases
- Phase one: impact design
- *Phase two*: assessment
- Phase three: narration
- Phase four: evaluation



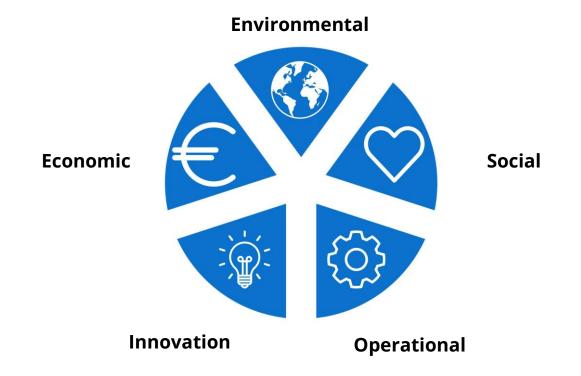
What is impact?

Herbstwald by Anton Müller-Wischin (Künstler/in) - Austrian Gallery Belvedere, Austria - CC BY-SA.

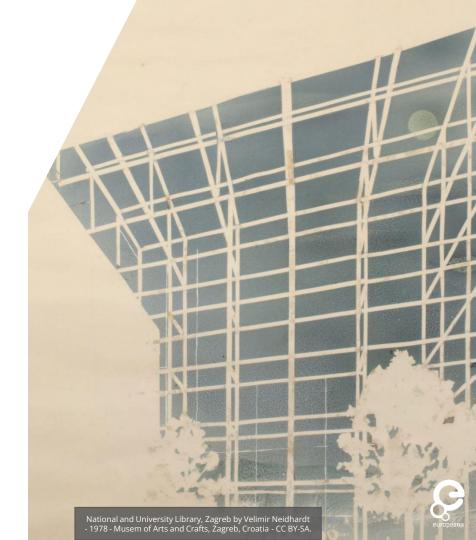




Strategic perspectives - a balanced outlook



What is *your* impact?



Impact

Impact is the change(s) that occur **for stakeholders** or in society...

...as a **result** of our **activities.**



How impact works



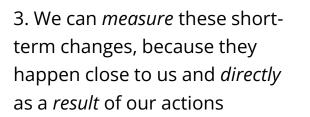
2. We *design* activities that lead to this desired impact by creating a knock-on or *ripple* effect of change for our stakeholder, online museum visitors

4. We can't necessarily *prove* our contribution towards the impact goal, because many people contribute to

this

6. We *evaluate* and *learn* to *increase* our impact

1. We want to contribute to a tolerant society - but we alone can't be *accountable* for this





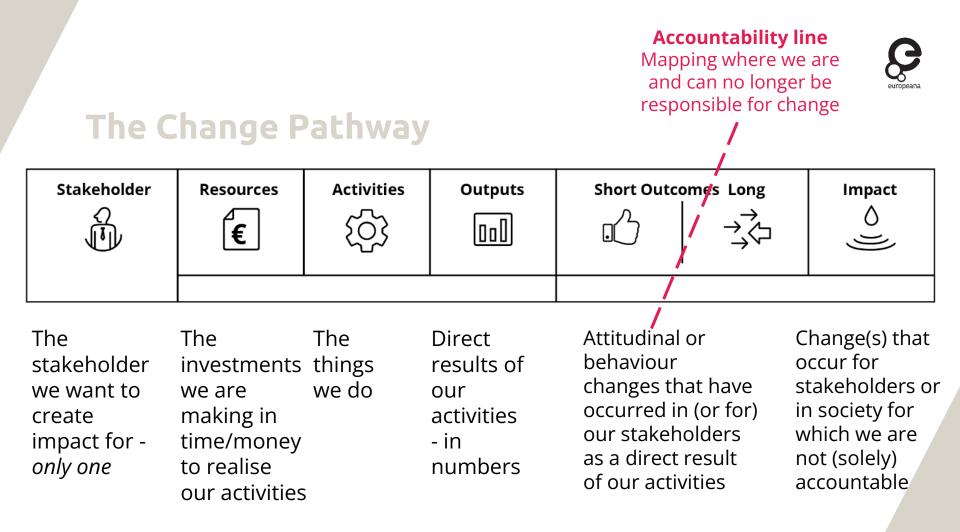


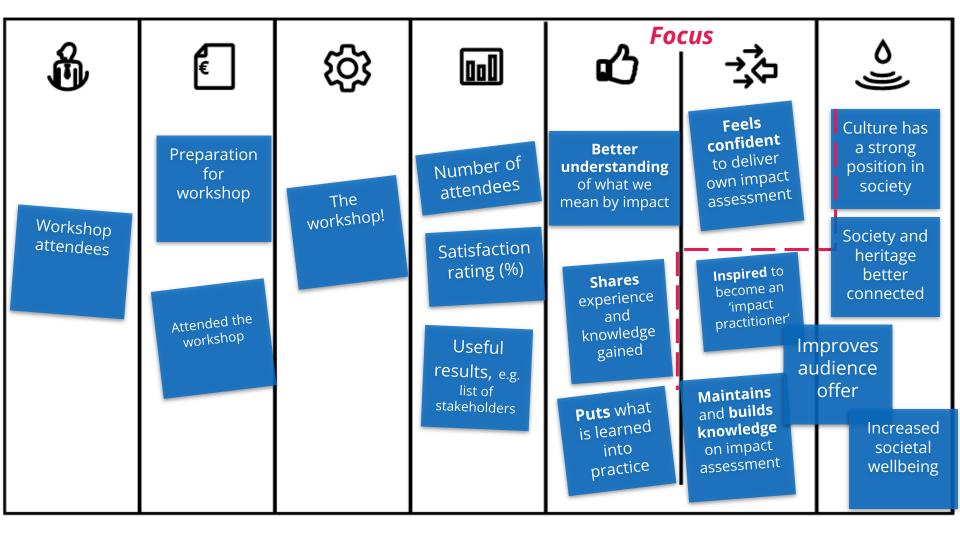
5. But we can be *confident* in showing that we create *positive* changes for our stakeholders in the shorter-term that are likely to *contribute* to the longerterm goal

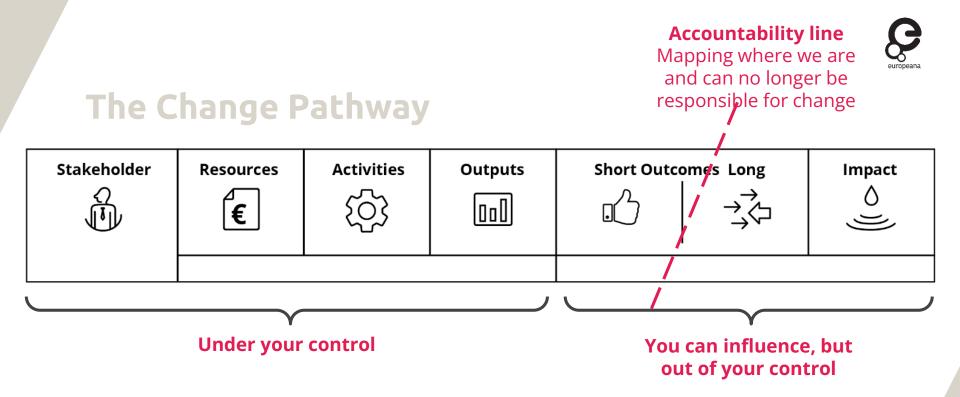
Impact

- Long-term
- High-level
- Far from your activities
- But connected to your activities
- Not responsible for impact, can't deliver on your own
- Challenging to measure









Who are your stakeholders?

Direct and indirect





Stakeholder-focussed

A person, group, community, or organisation expected to experience a change, that is, to benefit in some way from a certain activity.

In other words, **beneficiaires**.

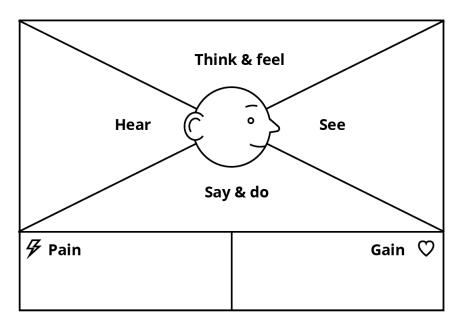
Who will benefit **directly** and **indirectly** from your activities?



Stakeholder-focussed

- Are you already in contact with these groups of people?
- Do you know enough about these groups?
- What else do you need to know?
- How can you learn this?

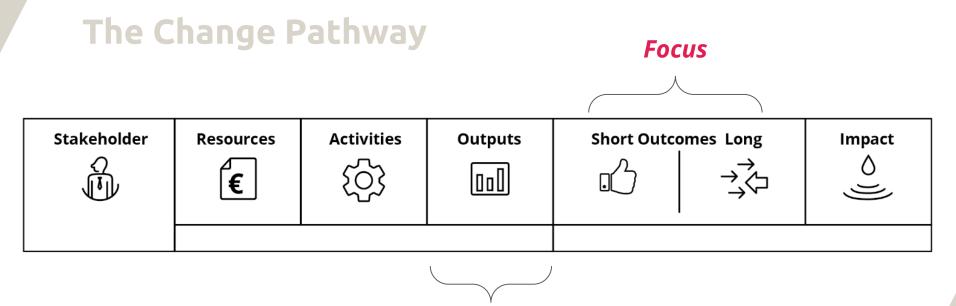




Empathy map

- Collaborative tool to gain a deeper insight into your stakeholders. Much like a user persona, an Empathy Map can represent a group of users, such as a customer segment.
- *Important* identify your knowledge gaps and validate any assumptions you make about your stakeholder.





Good to explain!



Outputs

- Describe your activities in numbers
- Such as:
 - How many people were involved? How many different categories of people?
 - How many activities (or hours or days of activities)?





Outputs

- Describe your activities in numbers
- Such as:
 - How many products were developed?
 - How many collection items are included?
 - How often are they being used or viewed?





Outputs

Over to you!



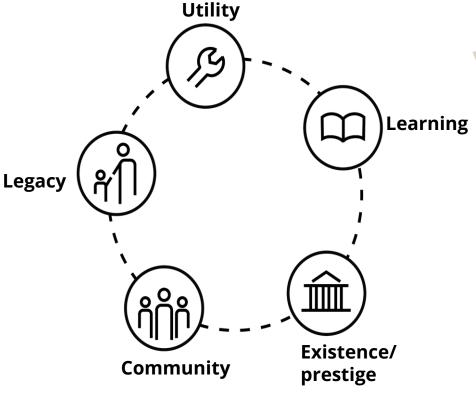
Outcomes

- Outcomes the changes experienced by your stakeholders
- Attitudinal or behavioural change
- Not the result of your activity in terms of (for example) improved usability
- Think about what improved usability means for your stakeholder.

So what?

Early Evening by Galanda, Mikuláš - Slovak national gallery, Slovakia - Public Domain.





Value lens

- The types of value that are most commonly connected with the experience of interacting with digital cultural heritage.
- Can help you think about the type of outcomes you think your project should or does generate.
- Think about balance.

Outcomes

- Not all outcomes will be important
- Must be prioritised
- Might be challenging to measure on their own need to use or develop suitable indicators

Over to you!





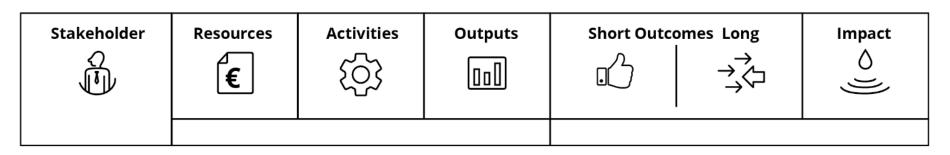
What do we report on?

- 1. Do we deliver **satisfactory experiences** for its audiences?
- 2. Do we enable knowledge transfer?
- 3. Do we deliver **practical**, **valuable knowledge**?
- 4. Do we help stakeholders **stay up to date** with trends and sector topics?
- 5. Do we **engage a diversity of stakeholders** right across the heritage sector?





The Change Pathway - your turn



- 15 minutes: draw your own change pathway!
- Focus on outcomes
- Work individually or in your group
- If in a group find something that you work on in common and develop this
- If individually, work by yourself then discuss with your group

How did it go?

- What surprised you?
- What was challenging?
- Could you use this in your work?
- Do you often think about the outcomes of your work in your evaluation planning or project design?



Discussion, questions



Rijeka - pogled s Rječine by C. v. Mayr - Rijeka City Library, Croatia - Public Domain.